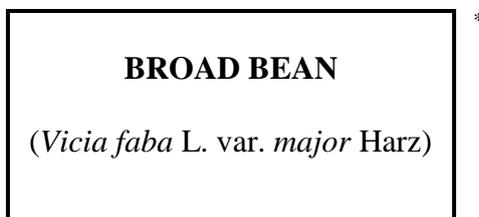


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TG/206/1
ORIGINAL: English
DATE: April 9, 2003

INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS
GENEVA



GUIDELINES
FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS
FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

Alternative Names:*

* These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

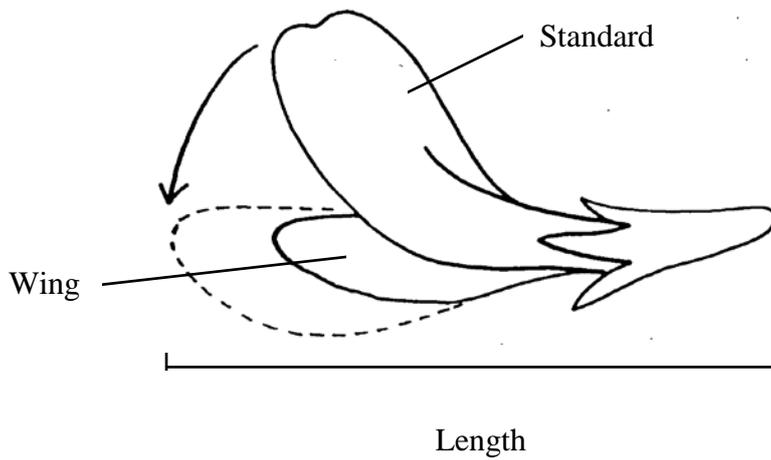
Ad. 2: Plant: growth type

Determinate growth type is characterized by a terminal inflorescence, whereas indeterminate growth type shows vegetative growth above the uppermost flowers.

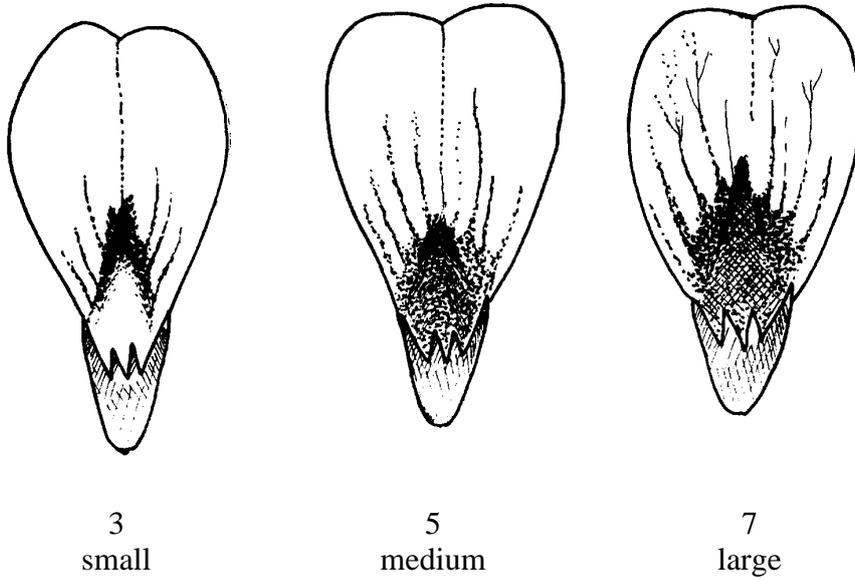


Ad. 15 - 19: Bouw bloem

Standard = Vlag
Wing = Zwaard



Ad. 20: Standard: extent of anthocyanin coloration



The observation should be made on the inner side of the Standard.

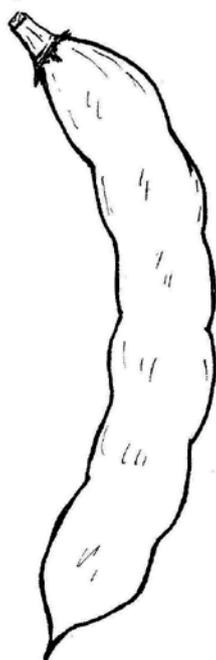
Ad. 25: Pod: degree of curvature at green shell stage



1
absent or very weak



3
weak



5
medium



7
strong

Ad. 31: Dry seed: weight

The dry seed weight should be measured by weighing the largest seed from the largest pod for each plant sampled.

Ad. 33: Dry seed: black pigmentation of hilum

Certain varieties, which by their genetic structure show segregation in respect of this characteristic, are admissible provided that the breeder is able to ensure stability. However, this characteristic cannot be used for establishing distinctness of varieties mentioned in the previous sentence. For varieties which show segregation, the characteristic should be described in the state "present" and the proportions of the two states of expression should, in each individual case, be included in the description.

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